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| APPLICATION NO.             | FILING DATE                        | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/829,275                  | 04/22/2004                         | Kazuaki Suzuki       | 1551-0155PUS1       | 6464             |
|                             | 7590 11/25/200<br>ART KOLASCH & BI | EXAMINER             |                     |                  |
| PO BOX 747                  |                                    |                      | WENDELL, MARK R     |                  |
| FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747 |                                    |                      | ART UNIT            | PAPER NUMBER     |
|                             |                                    |                      | 3635                |                  |
|                             |                                    |                      |                     |                  |
|                             |                                    |                      | NOTIFICATION DATE   | DELIVERY MODE    |
|                             |                                    |                      | 11/25/2008          | ELECTRONIC       |

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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|  | Application No.  | Applicant(s)  |  |
|--|--|---|--|
|  | 10/829,275   | SUZUKI ET AL.   |  |
| Office Action Summary  | Examiner   | Art Unit  |  |
|  | MARK R. WENDELL  | 3635  |  |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply  | appears on the cover sheet w   | th the correspondence address   |  |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REWHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory pe  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).   | G DATE OF THIS COMMUNION R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a report of the company of the company and will expire SIX (6) MON tatute, cause the application to become AE | CATION.  eply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communication.  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). |  |
| Status   |  |   |  |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on 1     This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)      Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice und   | This action is non-final.<br>owance except for formal matt   | ·   |  |
| Disposition of Claims  |  |   |  |
| 4) ☐ Claim(s) is/are pending in the applic 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction as Application Papers   | ndrawn from consideration.<br>nd/or election requirement.  |   |  |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Exar 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the   | accepted or b) objected to<br>the drawing(s) be held in abeyar<br>rrection is required if the drawing  | ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).  |  |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119   |  |   |  |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for force     a) All b) Some * c) None of:     1. Certified copies of the priority document of the priority document of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International But * See the attached detailed Office action for a second of the priority document of the pri | nents have been received.<br>nents have been received in A<br>priority documents have been<br>Ireau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).  | pplication No received in this National Stage   |  |
| Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date   | ) Paper No(  | Summary (PTO-413)<br>s)/Mail Date<br>nformal Patent Application<br>   |  |

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-5, 7-9, 12-17, 19-21 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Reetz (US 4957186). Regarding claims 1 and 13, Reetz illustrates in Figure 2 a building comprising a structural member (14 and 22); and

A joint structure, comprising:

- A gusset plate (34), said gusset plate being formed from a flat plate having first and second opposed faces; and
- A plurality of splice plates (52) connected to said gusset plate (34), each of said plurality of splice plates being constructed from section steel having a cross-section perpendicular to a longitudinal axis thereof that is non-rectangular, at least one of said plurality of splice plates (52) having a face in direct contact with the first opposed face of said gusset plate and at least another of said plurality of splice plates having a face in direct contact with the second opposed face of said gusset plate.

Regarding claims 2 and 14, Reetz illustrates in Figures 1-4 the gusset plate connected to a first structural member (14 or 104) and the plurality of splice plates connected to a second structural member (22).

Regarding claims 3-4 and 15-16, Reetz illustrates in Figures 1 and 2 the first gusset plate (34) being connected to a second gusset plate (66). The examiner notes that the first gusset plate (34) is always in a vertical position, but the second gusset plate (66) can be moved and manipulated into a vertical or horizontal position due to the connection of the plate to the first gusset plate and the splice plates.

Regarding claims 5 and 17, Reetz illustrates the splice plates (52) having a non-rectangular cross section.

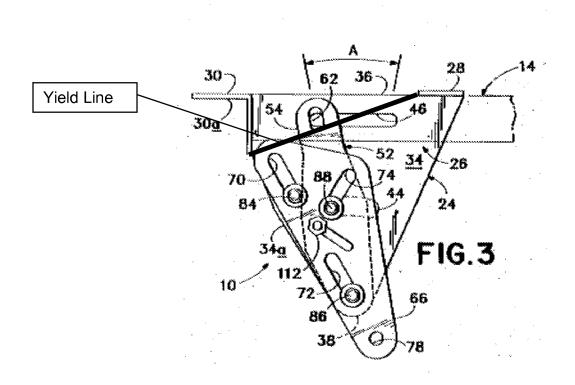
Regarding claims 7 and 19, Reetz illustrates in Figure 2 the gusset plate (34) including a rib (28) connected to the top edge and vertical upright edge.

Regarding claims 8 and 20, Reetz illustrates in Figure 2 the gusset plate (34) including a first joining plate (30) connected to a first edge thereof and a second joining plate (28) connected to a second edge thereof, and at least one of said plurality of splice plates (52) extends toward a comer of the gusset plate (See Figures 3 and 4) beyond a yield line of the gusset plate to increase the buckling strength of the gusset plate, said yield

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line being formed by a diagonal line extending from an edge of the first joining plate to an edge of the second joining plate.



Regarding claims 9, 12, 21 and 24, Reetz illustrates in Figure 2 the gusset plate including first and second opposed faces and first and second ends with the end being connected by an edge (any closed, solid structure fits this) and the ends having a rib connected thereto (28 and 30) with the first and second faces having no stiffening ribs connected thereto.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 6, 10-11, 18, 22-23 and 25-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reetz (US 4957186). Regarding claims 6 and 18, Reetz does not distinctly specify the location where the joint structure is formed; however the joint structure assembled by Reetz exhibits the structural limitations set forth by the claims.

Regarding claims 10-11 and 22-23, Reetz illustrates in Figure 2 reinforcing ribs (108 and 109) on the structural member (104). When assembled (see Figure 1), the reinforcing ribs are connected to the gusset plate (34) via the structural member (104) and do no cross the yield line (as shown in the Figure above). Reinforcing rib 109 stays above the yield line while one of the reinforcing ribs 108 stays below the yield line.

Regarding claims 25-32, the structural limitations of Reetz as described above would make the method of assembling the joint structure of the building obvious.

Regarding claim 26, Reetz does not use any onsite welding.

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#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed 10/10/08 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Regarding the applicant's argument:

"Referring to the Reetz reference, the Examiner has considered the web 34 of Reetz to be the gusset plate of the presently claimed invention and the arm mechanisms 52 to be the splice plates of the presently claimed invention. Applicants submit that the Reetz device is quite different from the present invention in both structure and function. Specifically, with regard to the structure, the element 52 of Reetz does not have a "non-rectangular" cross-section as in the presently claimed invention. Referring to Figure 2 of Reetz, the element 52 would have a rectangular cross-section at every, point along a length thereof. In view of this, Reetz fails to anticipate independent claims 1,13 and 25 of the present invention.

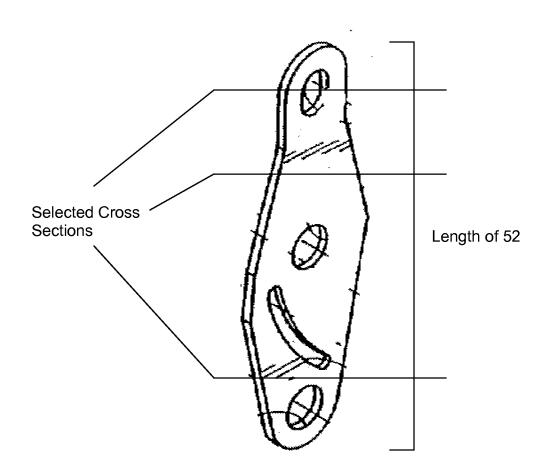
To the extent the Examiner has taken the position that a cross-section along the length of the element 52, and through the thickness of the element 52 (parallel to the Surface of the page in Figure 3 of Reetz, for example) would be the non-rectangular cross-section of the element 52, it is noted that the Examiner has not explained this in the Office Action. Therefore, clarification of the Examiner's position is respectfully requested. However, in order to expedite prosecution of the present application, claims 1, 13 and 25 have been further amended to clarify that the non- rectangular cross-section should be taken perpendicular to a longitudinal axis of the splice plate (perpendicular to the length dimension of the splice plate, which would be perpendicular to the surface of the paper in Figure 3 Of Reetz). Since the cross-section of the element

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52 of Reetz is rectangular, when the cross-section is taken along a plane that is perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the element 52, Applicants respectfully submit that Reetz clearly fails to teach this aspect of the present invention."

The examiner is perplexed with regard to this argument. The following illustration hopefully will clarify the examiner's position:



The examiner notes that the cross-sections in this instance are not rectangular.

Rectangular is by definition four sided, with right angles formed at the intersection of each side. This is certainly not the case with these selected cross sections. The

examiner notes that the object is slightly tilted within the Figure, however the inherent shape of the plate is not rectangular and thus would lend to non-rectangular cross-sectional lengths. The examiner further notes that if thickness is meant by the applicant, the claim language should be re-worded to address that limitation. As the claim language stands, the limitation can be read broader than this intended limitation.

#### Regarding applicant's argument:

"With regard to the function of Reetz, it is noted, that Reetz functions completely different from the presently claimed invention. Specifically, in Reetz, the arm structures 54 and 56 are free to rotate in the plane of the tile truss. Therefore, the adjustment of the attachment becomes much easier at a joint constructed from web 34 and arm mechanism 52. On the other hand, in the present invention, the diagonal brace 3 and the gusset plate 21 are completely bolted to each other through the splice plates."

The examiner notes that the argument is purely functional. In order to be given patentable weight, a functional recitation must be expressed as a "means" for performing the specified function, as set forth in 35 USC 112, 6<sup>th</sup> paragraph, and must be supported by recitation in the claim of sufficient structure to warrant the presence of the functional language (In re Fuller, 1929 C.D. 172; 388 O.G. 279). The examiner notes that the structural limitations of the claims are met as shown above in the Office Action.

#### Conclusion

**THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to MARK R. WENDELL whose telephone number is (571)270-3245. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 7:30AM-5PM, Alt. Fri off, EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Chilcot can be reached on (571) 272-6777. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Richard E. Chilcot, Jr./
Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3635

/M. R. W./ Examiner, Art Unit 3635 November 13, 2008